BEFORE THE COMMISSIONER OF SECURITIES AND INSURANCE MONTANA STATE AUDITOR

IN THE MATTER OF	CASE NO. SEC-2011-239
ROBERT L. SHERRY,	FINAL AGENCY DECISION
Respondent.	

INTRODUCTION

The Commissioner of Securities and Insurance, Montana State Auditor

(Commissioner), has reviewed the Hearing Examiner's October 25, 2012, Proposed

Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order (Proposed Order) in this matter (Exhibit

A). The Proposed Order notified Respondent that he had 30 days to file exceptions to the

Proposed Order and failure to respond within that time would constitute a waiver of his

right to judicial review of this decision.

Robert L. Sherry (Respondent) timely filed exceptions to the Proposed Order, and requested oral argument. The Office of the Commissioner of Securities and Insurance, Montana State Auditor (CSI) responded to Respondent's exceptions to the Hearing Examiner's proposed decision.

The Commissioner issued an Order Regarding Oral Arguments on November 26, 2012, setting the time, place, and order of the Oral Argument proceedings. Respondent timely filed a request for his presentation of his oral argument by telephone, which the Commissioner granted by Order on December 21, 2012.

Oral Arguments were held on January 3, 2013. Respondent, *Pro Se*, was given the opportunity to present his exceptions to the Hearing Examiner's Proposed Order.

Mike Winsor, attorney for the CSI, presented the CSI's response to Respondent's exceptions.

STANDARD OF REVIEW

In reviewing the Hearing Examiner's Proposed Order after listening to the Oral Arguments, the Commissioner adheres to the Montana Administrative Procedure Act (MAPA) regarding contested cases. Mont. Code Ann. § 2-4-621. Specifically, Mont. Code Ann. § 2-4-621(3) provides:

The agency may adopt the proposal for decision as the agency's final order. The agency in its final order may reject or modify the conclusions of law and interpretation of administrative rules in the proposal for decision but may not reject or modify the findings of fact unless the agency first determines from a review of the complete record and states with particularity in the order that the findings of fact were not based upon competent substantial evidence or that the proceedings on which the findings were based did not comply with the essential requirements of law. The agency may accept or reduce the recommended penalty in a proposal for decision but may not increase it without a review of the complete record.

As noted in *Ulrich v. State ex rel Board of Funeral Serv.*, 1998 MT 196, MT ¶ 14, 289 Mont. 407, 961 P.2d 126:

When conducting a review of the Board's decision, we note that the Board, which did not personally hear or observe the evidence, does not have the authority to conduct a de novo review of the hearing examiner's decision. Rather, it may reject the examiner's findings only if they are not based upon competent, substantial evidence. Additionally, the Board must state with particularity that the findings are not based upon competent, substantial evidence ... [omitting partial quote of Mont. Code Ann. § 2-4-621.]

A rejection of the hearing examiner's findings in violation of Mont. Code Ann. § 2-4-621(3) constitutes an abuse of discretion pursuant to § 2-4-704(2)(a)(vi). [omitting citation]

In interpreting MAPA, however, the Montana Supreme Court has held that a Hearing Examiner's findings of fact may be modified or rejected in other circumstances. See *In the Matter of the Grievance of Brady*, 1999 MT 153, 295 Mont. 75, 983 P.2d 292. The Commissioner may determine that certain of the Hearing Examiner's findings of fact are based on an interpretation of law and, therefore, such findings of fact may be rejected or modified like conclusions of law by the Commissioner. *Id.* at ¶ 14.

With regard to the Hearing Examiner's conclusions of law interpreting and applying the Montana Insurance Code, Mont. Code Ann. § 33-1-101, et seq., and Securities Act of Montana, Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-101, et seq., and rules promulgated thereunder, the Commissioner may determine that the Hearing Examiner misinterpreted the law and may modify or reject the Hearing Examiner's proposed Conclusions of Law. Id. at ¶ 14; Steer, Inc. v. Department of Revenue (1990), 245 Mont. 470, 474, 803 P.2d 601, 603. Further, the Commissioner may accept or reduce the recommended penalty in the Hearing Examiner's proposed decision, but may not increase it without a review of the complete record. Mont. Code Ann § 2-4-621(3).

After due consideration of the entire record in this matter including, but not limited to, the transcript of the hearing held on Monday, May 21, 2012, through Wednesday, May 23, 2012, and all exhibits admitted into evidence, all pleadings, and the oral arguments held on January 3, 2013, on Respondent's exceptions to the Hearing Examiner's Proposed Order, the Commissioner finds good cause to enter the following:

ORDER

The proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order
 (Collectively Exhibit A) are adopted in part as the Final Agency Decision in this matter

and by this reference is made a part of this Final Agency Decision. The Findings of Fact are adopted in full. The Conclusions of Law are adopted with the following modification:

Page 21, Section 6 is amended to read: Although generally most annuity contracts are life insurance products and governed by the Montana Insurance Code, and may be sold by insurance producers, Estate of Miles v. Miles, 2000 MT 41, MT ¶ 41, 298 Mont. 312, 994 P.2d 1139; Mont. Code Ann. §§ 33-17-214, 33-20-101, the definition of a "security" under the Act (Securities Act of Montana) includes a "variable" annuity. SEC v. Variable Annuity Life Ins. Co. of America, 359 U.S. 65 (1959); Estate of Miles, ¶ 41, supra; Mont. Code Ann. § 33-20-803(3).

The Order is adopted in part. Specifically, the following reflects a restatement of the Order, with supplemental changes which were left to the discretion of the Commissioner:

- 2. In accordance with Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-305, Respondent is hereby fined \$5,000 for each of the following violations of Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-201(3):
 - (a) giving investment advice, for compensation, to the without a securities license;
 - (b) giving investment advice, for compensation, to the them as to the value of their securities.

are two people, which represent two separate violations of Montana law.

¹ This change reflects a modification in the conclusions of law. The Proposed Order stated that Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-103(22) (defining "security" under the Securities Act) included "variable" annuities. This citation was in error. The modification also includes corrected citation for Estate of Miles v. Miles, and the addition of citing Mont. Code Ann. § 33-20-803(3) (exempting insurance annuity suitability laws for "variable annuities regulated under Title 30, chapter 10").

- 3. In accordance with Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-305, Respondent is hereby fined \$5,000 for each of his following violations of Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-301(1)(b):
 - (a) telling the the telling telling the telling the telling telling the telling telling the telling te
 - (b) omitting information relating to the value of Mrs. Comparison lifetime income benefit rider and the value of her death benefit from her Replacement Comparison form;
 - failing to tell the that he (Respondent) was required to be securities licensed in order to make the recommendation to the sell their securities.
- 4. In accordance with Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-305, Respondent is hereby fined \$5,000 for each of the following violations of Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-301(1)(c):
 - order to purchase the fixed indexed annuities from him without the requisite licensure, skill, and knowledge to ascertain whether the sales of their securities and the purchases of fixed indexed annuities were suitable for them;
 - (b) submitting the paperwork to liquidate the variable annuities and purchase their fixed indexed annuities without authorization from the
 - (c) telling the that they could undo the transactions at issue within 30 days without consequences.

- In accordance with Mont. Code Ann. §§ 33-1-317 and 33-17-1001, 5. Respondent is hereby fined \$5,000 for engaging in conduct that was fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices and for being a source of injury or loss to the public in violation of Mont. Code Ann. § 33-17-1001.
- In accordance with Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-309(1), Respondent shall 6. pay any and all costs related to this proceeding within 30 days of this Order. These costs shall include reasonable attorney fees, and costs associated with bringing the administrative action, in the amount of \$4,183.48.4
- In accordance with Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-309, Respondent shall pay 7. for all financial losses sustained by the as a result of restitution to the each of the violations of Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-301, together with ten percent (10%) annual interest from the date of the violations or the date each monthly payment became due.5

Specifically, Respondent shall make restitution to the pursuant to the following terms:

For Mr. Respondent shall pay \$2,313.51 within 30 days upon (a) execution of this Order. This reflects Mr. stotal loss of \$1,916.76 in the form of three payments for the months of January through March 2011, plus ten percent (10%) interest for 720 days.⁶

⁶ Calculated from the date of this Order.

⁴ This amount solely reflects the Hearing Examiner's total bill for this proceeding (Attached as Exhibit B).
⁵ The restitution payments are derived from the proposed findings of facts, which have been adopted in full.

- (b) Respondent shall pay Manager 34,272.78 within 30 days upon execution of this order. This amount reflects 24 months⁷ of lost monthly income in the amount of \$161.95, with 10 percent interest.
- the rest of Mr life. This amount reflects M loss in benefit base since April 2011. Respondent shall begin making these payments starting the first full month after execution of this Order.

 In the alternative, and in the interests of providing an immediate payment of restitution and resolution of this matter, Respondent may pay Mr.

 21,619.50 within 30 days upon execution of this Order. This is the present value of the payment for the next 15 years assuming a two percent (2%) annual return.
- (d) Additionally, Respondent shall pay Mr. 66,000.07 in lost death benefits. Respondent shall pay this within 30 days upon execution of this Order.
- (e) For Mrs. Respondent shall pay \$1,662.65 within 30 days upon execution of this Order. This number reflects Mrs. loss of \$1,374.09 in the form of three payments between January through March 2011, plus ten percent (10%) interest for 720 days.8

⁸ Calculated from the date of this Order.

⁷ Calculated from April 2011 through the date of this Order.

- (f) Respondent shall pay Mrs \$2,454.70, within 30 days upon execution of this Order. This amount reflects 24 months of lost monthly income in the amount of \$93.04, with 10 percent interest.
- Respondent shall pay \$93.04 per month to Mrs. for the rest of Mrs.

 Respondent shall begin making these payments starting the first full month after execution of this Order.

In the alternative, and in the interests of providing an immediate payment of restitution and resolution of this matter, Respondent may elect to pay Mrs. \$12,443.42 within 30 days upon execution of this Order.

This is the present value of the payment stream for the next 15 years assuming a two percent (2%) annual return.

- (h) Respondent shall pay Mrs. 6,662.97 in lost death benefits.

 Respondent shall pay this amount within 30 days upon execution of this Order.
- 8. Pursuant to Mont. Code Ann. § 33-17-1001:
- (a) the insurance producer license of Respondent is hereby revoked; and
- (b) all but \$5,000 in fines shall be suspended, conditional upon Respondent making restitution to the assistance as identified in section 7 of this Order. Suspension of the full fine amounts is explicitly contingent on Respondent making restitution payments pursuant to sections (7)(a), (b), (d), (e), (f),

⁹ Calculated from April 2011 through the date of this Order.

This suspended amount shall also include the Hearing Examiner's total bill for \$4,183.48. The non-suspended \$5,000 fine shall be made payable to the State of Montana and sent to the Office of the Commissioner of Securities and Insurance, Montana State Auditor, c/o Legal Bureau, 840 Helena Avenue, Helena, MT 59601.

and (h) within 30 days upon execution of this Order. ¹¹ Suspension of the full fine amount is also contingent upon Respondent making restitution pursuant to section (7)(c) and (g) of this Order. Respondent's failure to pay restitution, at any time, shall result in payment of the full fine amount.

- 9. Pursuant to Mont. Code Ann. § 33-17-1001(1), and solely for the purpose of seeking restitution for the Respondent shall be issued a probationary individual insurance producer's license under the following conditions:
 - (a) Respondent's probationary individual insurance producer's license is explicitly contingent upon giving Respondent a means to provide restitution to the Respondent shall be issued the probationary license only after making all restitution payments which are due within 30 days upon execution of this Order, and paying the non-suspended \$5,000 fine. 12
 - (b) After paying restitution amounts due within 30 days upon execution of this Order, Respondent shall be issued a probationary license.
 Maintenance of the probationary license is contingent upon Respondent meeting the following conditions:
 - (i) Respondent shall complete approved insurance producer continuing education courses and meet the continuing education requirements for insurance producers.
 - (ii) Upon issuance of the probationary license, Respondent shall

¹¹ This amount totals \$23,366.68.

This reflects all restitution payments except for the monthly payments due to the lects to pay the liquidated amount, as specified in section (7)(c) and (g) if this Order, and pays all restitution amounts within 30 days upon execution of this Order, he shall be issued the probationary license.

complete ten continuing education credits on the subject of ethics over the course of two years, six of which shall be obtained in the first year. This is in addition to Respondent's legal requirements regarding continuing education.

- (ii) Within two weeks of attending a Continuing Education course,

 Respondent shall submit a copy of the Course Completion

 Certificate to the CSI. Failure to maintain adequate licensure shall result in revocation of Respondent's probationary license.
- (iii) If Respondent elects to make monthly restitution payments to the pursuant to section (7)(c) and (g) of this Order,

 Respondent shall report to the CSI proof of all payments.

 Respondent may mail proof of restitution payments to the Office of the Commissioner of Securities and Insurance, Montana State

 Auditor, c/o Legal Bureau, 840 Helena Avenue, Helena, MT

 59601. In the alternative, Respondent may elect to email proof of monthly payments. Failure to timely pay monthly restitution or failure to provide proof of payments as specified in this Order shall result in revocation of Respondent's probationary license.
- (iv) Upon issuance of Respondent's probationary license, Respondent shall, on the first day of each month, provide the CSI with notice of all annuities Respondent sold in Montana that Respondent is duly licensed to sell.

- (v) Respondent's failure to timely pay any restitution amounts, or failure to comply with the terms of this Order, including, but not limited to failing to provide proof of monthly restitution payments, and/or failure to provide notice of Respondent's annuity sales in Montana, at any time following the execution of this Order, shall result in revocation of Respondent's probationary individual producer license and shall trigger immediate payment of all suspended fines, fees, and restitution as outlined in this Order.
- 10. In the event of an appeal, the Commissioner reserves the right to recalculate restitution payments upon final adjudication of the appeal.

SO ORDERED this day of March, 2013.

MONICA S. LINDEEN

Commissioner of Securities and Insurance,

Montana State Auditor

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify the foregoing was served on the HD day of March, 2013, to the following:

By Hand Delivery:

Mike Winsor
Office of the Commissioner of Securities and
Insurance, Montana State Auditor
840 Helena Avenue
Helena, MT 59601

By US mail, first-class postage paid:

Robert L. Sherry 804 8th Avenue West Kalispell, MT 59901

Jan Barren

IN THE	MATTER OF:) Case No. SEC-2011-239
ROBERT	L. SHERRY, Respondent.	HEARING EXAMINER'S PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER

Pursuant to mailed notice, on Monday, May 21, 2012, through Wednesday, May 23, 2012, at the office of the Commissioner of Securities and Insurance (CSI), a contested case hearing was conducted by the undersigned hearing examiner in this matter. The hearing was conducted pursuant to the hearings and appeals provisions of the Securities Act of Montana (Mont. Code Ann. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$30-10-101, et seq.); Montana Insurance Code (Mont. Code Ann. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$33-1-101, et seq.); the contested case provisions of the Montana Administrative Procedure Act (Mont. Code Ann. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$2-4-601, et seq.); and Montana's statutory, public participation in governmental operations notice and hearing provisions (Mont. Code Ann. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$2-3-101, et seq.).

At the contested case hearing, Mike Winsor, Legal Counsel for the Commissioner of Securities and Insurance, Montana State

HEARING EXAMINER'S PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER - 1

Exhibit A

Auditor (Commissioner) represented the CSI. Respondent, 1 Robert L. Sherry (Sherry) appeared pro se via telephone. 2 Testimony was received on behalf of CSI from investors 3 independent insurance broker and 4 and investment advisor, George Spencer Withey; CSI Compliance 5 Specialist, Ronald Herman; CSI Deputy Securities Commissioner, 6 Lynne Egan; and Sherry. Sherry presented testimony from the 7 Withey, and himself. 8 The following document copies were offered by the CSI either 9 by stipulation or without objection, and were admitted into 10 evidence: Life Sales, LLC promotional mailer (Exhibit 1); Life 11 Sales, LLC promotional mailer return card filled out by 12 (Exhibit 2); December 13, 2010, "Allianz Life Insurance 13 Company Endurance Plus Annuity Illustration" (Exhibit 3); 14 December 16, 2010, "Allianz Annuity Application" and 15 "Supplemental Application" (Exhibit 4); December 16, 2010, "Allianz EnduranceSM Plus Annuity Statement of 17 December 16, 2010, 18 Understanding" (Exhibit 5); "Allianz Product Suitability Form" and "Attention: Allianz 19 Suitability Evaluations Endurance Plus Annuity" form (Exhibit 6); 20 December 16, 2010, "Authorization to Transfer 21 December 16, 2010, "Allianz Funds" (Exhibit 7) 22 Replacement Comparison" form (Exhibit 8); 23 December 16, 2010, "Allianz Important Notice: Replacement of Life 24 Declination Insurance or Annuities" form (Exhibit 9); 25 26

HEARING EXAMINER'S PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER - 2

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letter to Allianz (Exhibit 10); February 4, 2011, Allianz refund
 1
                     and Allianz check No. 0008854931 (Exhibit
 2
                                              "Settlement Agreement
    11); June 22, 2011, Allianz-E.
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    and Release" (Exhibit 19); December 20, 2010, "Allianz MasterDex
 4
                                                   (Exhibit 20);
    XSM Annuity" illustration form for
 5
                  December 16, 2010, "Allianz Annuity Application"
 6
    and "Supplemental Application" (Exhibit 21);
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   December 16, 2010, "Allianz MasterDex XSM Annuity Statement of
 8
   Understanding Preliminary Contract Summary" (Exhibit 22);
 9
            December 16, 2010, "Allianz Product Suitability Form"
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                         December 16, 2010, "Attention:
    (Exhibit 23);
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   Allianz Suitability Evaluations" form (Exhibit 24);
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           December 16, 2010, "Allianz Authorization to Transfer
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                                           December 16, 2010,
   Funds" form (Exhibit 26);
    "Allianz Replacement Comparison" form (Exhibit 28);
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           December 16, 2010, "Allianz Important Notice:
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   Replacement of Life Insurance or Annuities" form (Exhibit 29);
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                   Applicant: Allianz MasterDex-X Fixed
18
    'Indexed' Annuity Present Policy Results Breakdown with AIG
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   SunAmerica Life, Policy number P89A7511340" signed by Bob Sherry,
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   Agent (Exhibit 30); February 4, 2011, Allianz refund letter to
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              and Allianz check No. 0008855344 (Exhibit 31);
22
   March 4, 2011, letter from Robert L. Sherry to CSI Compliance
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   Specialist Ron Herman (Exhibit 32); May 27, 2011, letter from
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   Robert L. Sherry to CSI Compliance Specialist Ron Herman
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HEARING EXAMINER'S PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER - 3

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(Exhibit 33); May 9, 2011, letter from George Withey to Ron
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   Herman having Bates No. 000040-000041 (Exhibit 36); June 3, 2011,
 2
   John Hancock Fax cover sheet and attached 2010 John Hancock
                                                        (Exhibit 39);
   Venture Vantage Annual Statement for
   June 3, 2011, SunAmerica Fax cover sheet with: Certificate Data
 5
                          SunAmerica Polaris Choice III Variable
   Page and
 6
   Annuity Quarterly Statement for the period October 1 to December
 7
   31, 2010 (Exhibit 41); assorted 15 pages from
   SunAmerica Annuity statements from 2007 to 2010 (Exhibit 43); PHS
 9
   Summary for Robert Sherry, file #42950 (Exhibit 44);
10
   December 16, 2010, "Attention: Allianz Suitability Evaluations
11
   Endurance Plus Annuity" (Exhibit 65); December 16, 2010,
12
   "Attention: Allianz Suitability Evaluations" (Exhibit 66);
13
   December 17, 2010, UPS Shipping Document (Exhibit 76); UPS Proof
14
   of Delivery for Tracking Number J1455050462 (Exhibit 77); Family
15
   Financial Analysis (Exhibit 78); June 4, 2011, letter from
16
              to Ron Herman (Exhibit 95); and December 16, 2010,
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   Supplement to the Replacement Comparison from Sherry
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    (Exhibit 101).
        The following document was offered and admitted into
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   evidence over objection: January 5, 2011, letter from Withey to
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                (Exhibit 102).
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    the (
         In addition, the following documentary Exhibits also were
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HEARING EXAMINER'S PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER - 4

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admitted into evidence via stipulation: Exhibits 12-18, 25, 27,

34-35, 37-38, 40, 42, 45-59, 61, 63-64, 67-69, 71-74, 80-81, 83-85, 93-94, 96-100.

From the testimonial and documentary evidence presented, the Hearing Examiner makes the following proposed:

FINDINGS OF FACT

- Herman (Herman) was assigned a complaint received from Dale and

 (Tr. 359-60.) The substance of their

 complaint was that without their permission the Respondent,

 Robert Sherry (Sherry) had surrendered their variable annuities

 with John Hancock and SunAmerica to Life Insurance Company of

 North America (Allianz), resulting in the incurring not

 only a loss of \$10,000 in surrender penalties, but also a \$60,000

 income base loss that reduced their guaranteed monthly income by

 \$247.47. (Tr. 360-61; Exh. 44.) Herman investigated the

 complaint. (Tr. 360; Exh. 44.)
- transacts insurance business from Kalispell, Montana. (Tr. 398, 579.) In 2010, Sherry started marketing fixed indexed annuities for Allianz. (Tr. 579, 582-83.) Sherry marketed and sold fixed indexed annuities for Allianz at all times material to this matter. (Id.) At all times material to this matter Sherry was not licensed as a securities salesperson, an investment advisor, or an investment advisor representative in Montana. (Tr. 399, 434.)

In connection with his sales of annuities for Allianz, 3. 1 Sherry was contracted with a field marketing organization known 2 as Life Sales, LLC (Life Sales). (Tr. 498; Exh. 1.) Life Sales 3 sent out marketing mailers in Montana which purported to offer 4 information on reducing income taxes on Social Security benefits. 5 (Tr. 13-14, 499; Exhs. 1-2.) The marketing mailers appear to 6 target older people of pre-retirement and retirement age because 7 they purport to offer information on reducing income taxes on 8 Social Security retirement income benefits. (Tr. 13-15; Exhs. 1-2.) The marketing mailers were a device for generating leads 10 or "prospects" for Allianz insurance producers. (Tr. 498-99; 11 Exhs. 1-2.) The marketing mailers provided a return mailer for 12 prospects to send in and provide their signatures, phone numbers, 13 and dates of birth in exchange for a booklet. (Exhs. 1-2.) 14

- 4. The are each in their seventies. (Tr. 7, 294, 401, 407; Exh. 16.)
- discussing how they may be able to reduce taxes on their Social Security income. (Tr. 13-16; Exh. 2.) Subsequently, on or about December 8, 2010, Million eceived a call from Sherry who arranged a meeting with the Conleys at the Kalispell Mall for the following day. (Tr. 16-17, 499.)
- 6. In agreeing to meet with Sherry, the did not have any intention of liquidating their investments, buying fixed or equity indexed annuities, or purchasing anything else, but

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- 7. At that Kalispell meeting, Sherry's conversation with the turned quickly from saving income tax on Social Security incomes to Sherry's mentioning a package to get the to where they wouldn't have to pay any tax on their money. This ultimately led to Sherry asking the questions regarding their financial situation in order to fill out a "Family Financial Analysis" form. (Tr. 17-19, 499, 506-07; Exhs. 32, 78.)
- 8. Sherry admits to asking the questions about their financial priorities, their sources of income, and their securities with John Hancock and SunAmerica including the cash value and the accumulation value of those securities at the Kalispell Mall meeting. (Tr. 354, 501-03; Exh. 78.)
- 9. Sherry testified to stating the following at the end of the Kalispell Mall meeting:

let, let me, you know, quickly ask you, because you're, you say you're concerned about protecting your principal, you say you're concerned about the market risk, and yet you're not really that concerned about interest rates. What, what if I was able to share with you a product that gave you security against risk in the down trend of the market; that gave you, you know, gave you a, a fairly decent rate of return when the market is up, but when the market's down, you wouldn't lose anything. It would lock in any gains or at least protect your principal for that year.

(Tr. 507.)

- 10. In his letter to Herman, Sherry admitted to asking the following questions and making the following statement at the end of the Kalispell Mall meeting: "At this point, I imposed a few questions to Mr. and Mrs. "Are you comfortable with where your money is now?'" and "I then asked 'what is your tolerance lever [sic] for risk?'" (Emphasis added.) "I then introduced into the conversation the possibility of considering a product that would guarantee their principal against any risk at all, while potentially earning a return based on index growth." (Exh. 32, ¶ 5.)
- 11. The preceding, admissive discourse between Sherry and the the Kalispell Mall meeting indicates Sherry issued a suggestion to the that they sell their existing securities and purchase fixed indexed annuities he was selling.

 (Tr. 18-19, 507; Exh. 32.)
- Sherry and the two of which were at their home and one at a restaurant. The dates of these subsequent meetings were December 13, 16, and 21, 2010. (Tr. 22-23, 439-44, 507, 511, 514, 547-49, 551, 560, 562-65, 567-69; Exh. 32.) A December 13, 2010, meeting at the home was long, lasting over four hours. (Tr. 440-41, 444; Exh. 32.) A total of four meetings took place between Sherry and the (Tr. 439.)
- 13. At one or more of these meetings Sherry exhibited and gave to the promotional materials and marketing

- their investments with John Hancock and SunAmerica, including monthly statements and contracts (Tr. 24-25, 66, 145), which he then analyzed and compared to the fixed indexed annuities he was selling, and advocated the replace their securities with the fixed indexed annuities he was offering for sale. (Tr. 24-25, 29, 262, 271-74, 333.)
- about liquidating anything, (ii) ever reviewing any documents claimed in this case having anything to do with investments or otherwise, (iii) ever giving the recommendations regarding doing or not anything with their variable annuity or any other existing annuity that they had in place, and (iv) ever analyzing or breaking down how they would be either better off or not by going with his product. (Tr. 579.)
- 16. However in a letter to Herman, Sherry admits the following:
 - (i) I did not want to place him [Mr. into the identical situation that he had with John Hancock in the sense of paying for an income rider (Guaranteed Minimum Withdrawal Benefit, item 8 Attached) that was costing him 60 basis points annually at a cost of somewhere between \$790 to \$918 depending on whether or not that basis point fee was based on the original premium of \$153K or the then-reduced accumulation value of about \$133K-which he had chosen to activate nearly immediately after the JH contract was placed in force,

- (ii) I did not ad [sic] on the Simple Income III Rider onto Mrs.

 new contract essentially for the same reason! She too was paying a rider fee that was canceling out the purpose of the Rider . . ." deferring income for the purpose of income growth! I felt she would be better off (emphasis added) taking an annual penalty-free withdrawal than tacking on an added "rider fee" that would not produce what the rider was designed to produce; "Income value cost-basis growth"!
- (iii) [W]e discussed further the benefits of placing their funds [held in securities] with Allianz.

(Exh. 32.)

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- 17. In a subsequent letter to Herman, Sherry admits to the following:
 - the fact that I thoroughly reviewed with Mr. (i) after taking the same amount of withdrawal each year starting in the 13th month, and then "activating" the Enhanced Withdrawal Benefit" with Allianz in year eleven, his base distribution amount started out at about \$300 [three-hundred] less when compared to what he was taking both from his present Income Rider Base with his John Hancock contract-which I made perfectly clear to both of them-would no longer be guaranteed by their respective carriers once the transfer was made-and within the 10% penalty-free annual withdrawal being taken with Allianz . . . as compared to his present income amount that would NEVER increase unless the market gave him a high enough return as to as to surpass the value of his original premium of \$153,000 which would require an astounding rate of return that would have to exceed the amount of income he had been taking for the last three years or so.
 - (ii) We calculated <u>together</u> that if he had simply placed his original \$153,000 in a savings account without interest, and continued to withdraw from that account the same amount as the income he was taking from the

3 (Exh. 33.)

- Suitability forms, Authorization to Transfer Funds forms,
 Replacement Comparison forms, and Important Notice: Replacement
 of Life Insurance or Annuities forms for the and had them
 sign Statement(s) of Understanding. (Exhs. 4-9, 21-24, 26,
 28-29.) Additionally, Sherry clearly analyzed and broke down the
 securities in documents partially titled "Present Policy
 Results Breakdown." (Exhs. 30, 101.)
- 19. Sherry indicated on the Replacement Comparison forms for the that he initiated the sale of their variable annuities. (Exhs. 8, 28.)
- 20. Sherry included a summary of the reason for the replacement in Mr. Replacement Comparison Form that read: "[v]ariable annuity; since May 2007 there has been no growth in market volitility [sic] actually showing losses even after suppl [sic] income distribution has been calculated.

 Applicant wants safety of principal while having possible market growth wants to eliminate 'risk.'" (Exh. 8.)
- 21. Deputy Securities Commissioner, Lynne Egan (Egan) who has more than 28 years of experience in securities work, ten years with a brokerage and eighteen years with the CSI (Tr. 396), testified as well that the foregoing statement of Sherry

HEARING EXAMINER'S PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER - 11

indicates to her that Sherry didn't know what market volatility was:

Market volatility does not grow. And since May of '07, from May of '07 to December of 2010, the market had improved substantially from what was nearly a low to halfway back to where it is today. Which demonstrates to me that the replacement comparison . . if the, if the were really thinking this and you're just memorializing what they're thinking, they didn't know what they were doing, and, and you should have sent them to someone that could correct their thought process.

(Tr. 428-29.) Egan further testified:

Stock markets are volatile. They tend to fluctuate. They go up and down based on the economy, but over time, the market generally performs in an upward fashion. It has since 1930. But it is volatile and the, the riders that the purchased insulated them from market volatility. It provided them with a guaranteed monthly income stream, something that they had requested and paid for when they purchased their variable annuities, and that market volatility wasn't an issue based on what they were using their annuity for.

(Tr. 408.)

22. Sherry's summary of the reason for the replacement in

Mrs. "Replacement Comparison" form states:

See Suppl [sic] letter attached. Client/Applicant is in agreement with spouse to conserve the principal against market risk as compared to the present variable annuity.

- (Exh. 28.) Sherry omitted from the form the type and value of Mrs. Compared the income benefit rider and the value of her death benefit for her variable annuity. (Id).
- 23. In his response letters to Herman, Sherry admits to reviewing the variable annuities, analyzing specific

HEARING EXAMINER'S PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER - 12

riders within the annuities, and reaching conclusions regarding the suitability of the liquidating the variable annuities for the purpose of purchasing the fixed indexed annuities he was selling. (Tr. 262, 271-72, 333; Exhs. 32-33.) Sherry admitted the same to Egan on the telephone. (Tr. 416-17.)

- 24. Clearly, Sherry did all he denies, including comparing his insurance products with the securities, conducting analyses, and advising, e.g. Mr. having been better off putting his money in a savings account without interest than in the John Hancock variable annuity, thereby valuing it as less than worthless, among other financial advice.
- 25. Sherry told the that they had a 30-day window within which to decline the fixed indexed annuities, and undo the transactions without any consequences. (Tr. 144; Exhs. 32, 36.)
- salesman. (Tr. 354, 445.) This is affirmed by Mr. testimony as to Sherry's actions with him (Tr. 25-27, 66, 68-69, 74-75, 78-79, 144-45, 285, 341; Exh. 36) and confirmed by Sherry's subsequent actions.
- SunAmerica to get information regarding their variable annuities.

 (Exhs. 65-66.) Although the had reservations about replacing their variable annuities with the fixed indexed annuities Sherry was offering, on December 16, 2010, the ultimately relented and signed the replacement paperwork at

Sherry's request but with a firm and explicit processing 1 restriction. (Tr. 25, 341, 355.) Notwithstanding Mr. giving Sherry firm instructions not to proceed with the 3 transaction until he called Sherry with permission to process it (Tr. 25, 74, 140, 145, 341, 355; Exh. 36), Sherry mailed Allianz 5 the paperwork to liquidate the variable annuities on the very next day, i.e. December 17, 2010. (Exh. 32.) Sherry did this 7 having explicitly informed Sherry several despite Mr. 8 times not to process the signed forms because he wanted to discuss this further with his wife as well as his investment advisor representative, George Withey, who had sold the 11 their existent John Hancock and SunAmerica policies. (Tr. 25, 12 127-35.) 13

- 28. Allianz received the paperwork on December 20, 2010.

 (Exhs. 32, 76-77.) Thereafter, Mrs. SunAmerica variable annuity, with an accumulation value of approximately \$81,000, was liquidated and the fixed indexed annuity Allianz Contract was issued. Likewise, Mr. John Hancock variable annuity, with an accumulation value of approximately \$131,000, was liquidated and the fixed indexed annuity Allianz Contract was issued. (Tr. 25-26; Exhs. 8, 28.)
- 29. As a result of the replacement of the variable annuities without having the permission to do so, surrender charges in the respective amounts of \$10,389.06 for Mr.

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and \$5,185.00 for Mrs. were incurred. (Exhs. 19, 28, 41.)

- 30. Three or four days subsequent to December 16, 2010, Sherry called the and advised them that their Allianz contracts were on the way. (Tr. 70, 74.) Regarding this call, Mr. told Sherry to cancel them since Sherry had not received permission to process their applications. (Tr. 70, 74, 78-79, 140.) Sherry attempted to talk Mr. told ut of not going through with the transaction and staying with his proposal. (Tr. 74-75, 78-79.) Not wanting to take "no" for an answer, Sherry called the back eight times to try to convince them to change their minds. (Tr. 78-79.)
- 31. George Spencer Withey (Withey) is licensed as an independent insurance broker, registered as an investment broker and licensed in fifteen states including Montana, and has been in the financial services business since June of 1986. (Tr. 125.) Withey's specialty area of twenty years is predominantly income planning and estate planning. (Tr. 126.)
- 32. Withey has been the investment advisor representative since 2006 (Id.) and placed the in their John Hancock and SunAmerica investments in 2007. (Tr. 127-35.)
- 33. A December 22, 2010, meeting between Withey and the was rescheduled to December 30, 2010, at which time Withey met with the state of their home to discuss their investment portfolios and recommended that they move some money

HEARING EXAMINER'S PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER - 15

mentioned the marketing mailer relating to saving money on taxes at that meeting. He did not inform Withey that they had signed replacement paperwork, but did say to Withey, "It's probably nothing that you can do anyway, so just forget it." Withey then proceeded to talk with the about their estate plan, which was significant and received permission to modify their investment portfolios. (Tr. 136-38; Exh. 102.)

34. Because of the New Year Holiday, Withey did not return to his office until January 5, 2011, at which time while going on-line to modify the investment portfolios, Withey discovered that the John Hancock and SunAmerica investments had been, or were in the process of liquidation.

(Tr. 137.) Assuming the already knew they were transferring this money and decided not to tell him for some unknown reason, Withey sent the aletter expressing his shock that they had not informed him of the replacement. (Tr. 138; Exh. 102.)

35. In the January 5, 2011, letter, Withey also wished them the best of luck, but advised them of what they left behind (Tr. 138; Exh. 102) and additionally apprised them that the longer the duration of the surrender period of an annuity, the higher the commission that the insurance producer, securities salesperson, investment advisor, or investment advisor representative will receive. (Tr. 153; Exh. 102.)

HEARING EXAMINER'S PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER - 16

36. In 1	December 2010, t	he time	remaining i	n the	surrender
period for Mr	s. vari	able ann	nuity was ab	out tw	o months,
	ning time in the				
	variable annuity				(Tr. 135.)

- 37. Withey testified that liquidating the variable annuities to purchase the fixed indexed annuities was not suitable for them. (Tr. 237-38.)
- called Withey and advised him of how Sherry had proceeded to process the paperwork despite their specific instructions not to do so until they called him back after having a chance to discuss it. Withey advised the that if they hadn't received the contracts yet, and didn't want them, they could return them with the hope the companies would accept the money back. He further advised them that there was no requirement for the companies to do so. (Tr. 140.)
- 39. Withey testified that based on the conversation he had with the (Tr. 144), fear of the market was used by Sherry as a motivating factor to get the (Tr. 146.)
- and instructed Allianz to return the funds to SunAmerica and John Hancock. (Exh. 10.) Allianz refunded the money.

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variable

(Tr. 169.)

- As a result of the transactions at issue: 43.
- had a loss of \$38,869.69 to his income (a) benefit base and Mrs. had a loss of \$21,966.47 to her income benefit base. (Tr. 167, 169.)
- lost three monthly income payments of (b) Mr. \$638. 32 for the months of January through March 2011, or a total of \$1,916.76, prior to investing

- (c) Mr. lost \$6,000.07, and Mrs. lost \$6,662.97 in death benefits. (Tr. 179, 182; Exhs. 39, 43.)
- 44. Also as a result of the transactions at issue, and because of the reduction of the income bases in their new or reinstated variable annuities, Mr lost \$161.95 per month beginning in January of 2011, for the rest of his life; and Mrs. lost \$93.04 per month beginning in January of 2011, for the rest of her life. (Tr. 167-71.)
- 45. Egan testified that although from the insurance side Sherry is required to conduct a suitability analysis for the purchase of equity indexed or the fixed annuities, he crossed the line by conducting a suitability analysis for purposes of selling, liquidating a security in order to purchase the fixed indexed annuities he was selling. (Tr. 403.)
- 46. Egan concluded that Sherry violated the Securities Act by failing to tell the that he was required to have a securities license in order to make the recommendation to the liquidate their securities. (Tr. 404.) Egan said that this conclusion would not change if there was testimony that

At Tr. 168, Withey erroneously calculated 5 percent of \$38,869.69 to be \$1,443.48. The correct number is \$1,943.48 which when divided by 12 equals a monthly income distribution loss for Mr. of \$161.95. The total combined monthly income loss to Mr. and therefore, is \$254.99 as opposed to \$227.04 as Withey testified at Tr. 185.

Sherry had told the that he was not a broker. 1 2 stated: A broker sells products. He wasn't selling them a 3 security. An investment advisor advises as to the appropriateness of holding or selling a security and he 4 was transacting investment advisory business. He wasn't selling them a security. He was recommending 5 they get out of a security. 6 (Tr. 404.) 7 47. Egan testified that in her opinion: 8 Sherry's recommendation to liquidate the (a) variable annuities in exchange for the fixed 9 indexed annuities was not a suitable 10

(Tr. 409, 411, 414-15.)

- recommendation. (Tr. 407.)

 (b) Sherry violated the Securities Act by comparing the securities with his fixed indexed annulties in the Replacement Comparison forms.
- (c) To consummate a securities transaction without the permission of persons holding the securities is an unauthorized transaction which violates the Securities Act. (Tr. 405.)

From the foregoing findings of fact, the Hearing Examiner makes the following proposed:

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The Commissioner of Securities and Insurance, Montana State Auditor (Commissioner) has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to Mont. Code Ann. §§ 2-15-1901, 2-15-1903, 30-10-107, 30-10-201, 30-10-301, 30-10-304, and 30-10-305.
- 2. The administration of the Securities Act of Montana (Act), Mont. Code Ann. §§ 30-10-101, et seq., is under the

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- 3. Pursuant to Mont. Code Ann. §§ 30-10-102 and 30-10-309, the Commissioner is required to administer the Act to protect investors, persons engaged in securities transactions, and the public interest, including administration of restitution dollars.
- 4. The Commissioner is also required to administer the Montana Insurance Code (Code), Mont. Code Ann. §§ 33-1-101, et seq., to ensure the interests of insurance consumers are protected. Mont. Code Ann. § 33-1-311, MCA. Under the Code the Commissioner is responsible for regulating insurance producers. (Id.)
- 5. Respondent, Sherry is a "person" as defined by Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-103(16).
- 6. Although generally most annuity contracts are life insurance products and governed by the Montana Insurance Code, and may be sold by insurance producers, Estate of Miles v. Miles, 298 Mont. 312, 994 P.2d 1139 (2000); Mont. Code Ann. §§ 33-17-214, 33-20-101, the definition of a "security" under the Act (Securities Act of Montana Act) includes a "variable" annuity. Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-103(22), MCA; SEC v. Variable Annuity Life Ins. Co. of America, 359 U.S. 65 (1959); Estate of Miles, supra.
- 7. An "investment adviser" is a person who, for compensation, engages in the business of advising others, either

HEARING EXAMINER'S PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER - 21

- 8. An "investment advisor representative" includes any person occupying a similar status or performing similar functions, or other individual, except clerical or ministerial personnel, employed by or associated with an investment adviser who: (a) makes any recommendation or otherwise renders advice regarding securities to clients; (b) manages accounts or portfolios of clients; (c) solicits, offers, or negotiates for the sale or sells investment advisory services; or (d) supervises employees who perform any of the foregoing. Mont. Code Ann. \$ 30-10-103(12)(a).
- 9. It is unlawful for a person to transact business in this state as an investment adviser or as an investment adviser representative unless the person is registered as such under the Act. Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-201(3).
- 10. The actions of gathering financial and securities investment information from prospective new clients and obtaining their signatures on the securities transaction forms, confidential personal financial planning forms, change of

investment objective forms, account transfer forms and durable power of attorney forms are "the crux of a securities transaction." Knowles v. State ex rel. Lindeen, 2009 MT 415, MT ¶ 32, 353 Mont. 507, 222 P.3d 595, 605 (2009). There is no dispute that Sherry filled out and had the sign Annuity Application forms, Product Suitability forms, Authorization to Transfer Funds forms, Replacement Comparison forms, and Important Notice: Replacement of Life Insurance or Annuities forms and Statement(s) of Understanding. As in Knowles, these forms likewise were the crux of the securities transactions consummated at issue in this matter. The witness testimonies, documentary evidence, including Sherry's actions and admissions, clearly demonstrate to the undersigned that Sherry through his explicit, as well as implicit actions, conveyed financial advice to the to liquidate their variable annuities in order to purchase fixed indexed annuities from him to his compensatory benefit, all without being registered as an investment advisor or an investment advisor representative. By doing so, Sherry violated Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-201(3).

11. Given the context of what occurred in this matter,
Sherry additionally violated Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-201(3) by
advising the also to his compensatory benefit, as to the
value of their variable annuities by telling Mr. of having
been better off putting his money in a savings account without
interest than in the John Hancock variable annuity.

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- (a) advising the that they would be in a better position by liquidating their variable annuities with guaranteed benefit riders, and purchasing the fixed indexed annuities he was selling when such a recommendation was unsuitable for them;
- (b) telling the that they could undo the transactions at issue without any consequences within 30 days;
- omitting information relating to the value of Mrs.
 lifetime income benefit rider, and the
 value of her death benefit from her Replacement
 Comparison form;
- (d) failing to tell the the that he was required to have a securities license in order to make the recommendation to the to liquidate their securities.
- 13. It is unlawful for any person, in connection with the offer, sale, or purchase of any security, directly or indirectly, in, into, or from this state to engage in any act, practice, or course of business that operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon any person. Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-301(1)(c). Sherry violated Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-301(1)(c) by:
 - (a) recommending to the that they sell their variable annuities in order to purchase fixed indexed annuities from him without the requisite

HEARING EXAMINER'S PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER - 24

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licensure, skill, and knowledge to ascertain whether the sales of their variable annuities and the purchase of fixed indexed annuities were suitable for them;

- (b) by submitting the paperwork to liquidate these variable annuities without authorization from the
- (c) by telling the that they could undo these transactions within 30 days without consequences.
- practices in his conduct with the and was a source of injury and loss to them by leading them to believe that they would be in a better position by liquidating their variable annuities and purchasing fixed indexed annuities from him which caused them pecuniary loss.
- committed a violation of Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-301 to make restitution for all financial losses sustained by any person as a result of the violation. The Commissioner may further require a person found to have violated Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-301 to pay 10% annual interest on the amount of the restitution from the date of the violation, reasonable attorney fees, and costs associated with bringing the administrative action. Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-309.
- 16. The Commissioner may impose a fine not to exceed \$5,000 per violation upon a person found to have engaged in any act or practice constituting a violation of any provision of the Act.

 Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-305.

9 § 33-17-1001(1)(f).

18. The Commissioner may impose a fine not to exceed the sum of \$5,000 per violation upon an insurance producer found to have violated a provision of the Code. Mont. Code Ann. \$ 33-1-317.

From the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, the Hearing Examiner proposes to the Commissioner the following:

ORDER

- 1. In accordance with Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-305, Robert L. Sherry is hereby fined \$5,000 for each of his following violations of Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-201(3):
 - (a) giving investment advice, for compensation, to the without a securities license;
 - (b) giving investment advice, for compensation, to the by advising them as to the value of their securities.
- 2. In accordance with Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-305, Sherry is hereby fined \$5,000 for each of his following violations of Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-301(1)(b):

HEARING EXAMINER'S PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER - 26

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- 6. In accordance with Mont. Code Ann. § 30-10-309(1), Sherry shall pay any and all costs related to this proceeding within 30 days of this Order. These costs shall include reasonable attorney fees, and costs associated with bringing the administrative action, the amounts of which may be determined and calculated at the time of the issuance of the Commissioner's Final Agency Decision.
 - 7. Pursuant to Mont. Code Ann. § 33-17-1001(1):
 - (a) the insurance producer license of Robert L. Sherry is hereby revoked;
 - the revocation of Sherry's individual producer license, and all but \$5,000 in fines shall be suspended conditional upon Sherry making restitution to the as may be set forth in the Commissioner's Final Agency Decision, except that Sherry will be issued a probationary license, the terms of which may be determined in the Commissioner's Final Agency Decision herein.

NOTICE OF NECESSITY TO FILE EXCEPTIONS TO THESE <u>PROPOSED</u> FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THIS DECISION

Pursuant to the Montana Administrative Procedures Act at Mont. Code Ann. § 2-4-621, adversely affected parties in this case have the opportunity to file written exceptions with supporting briefs and to present an oral argument to the Commissioner of Securities and Insurance or her designee. If a party

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does <u>not</u> file exceptions to the above Proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order with the Commissioner of Securities and Insurance, Office of the State Auditor, at 840 Helena Avenue, Helena, MT 59601, within 30 days of the date of this decision, this will constitute a waiver of an adversely affected party's right to judicial review of this decision pursuant to Mont. Code Ann. § 2-4-702. Exceptions must be filed in order to exhaust all administrative remedies available to any party who believes he/she is aggrieved by this proposed decision.

Dated this 25th day of October, 2012.

/s/Michael J. Rieley
Michael J. Rieley, Hearing Examiner

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I do hereby certify I served a copy of the foregoing Hearing Examiner's <u>Proposed</u> Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order upon all parties of record on the 25th day of October, 2012, by mailing, faxing, e-mailing, or hand delivering a copy thereof to:

Mr. Mike Winsor Special Assistant Attorney General State Auditor's Office 840 Helena Avenue Helena, MT 59601 Mr. Robert Sherry 804 8th Avenue West Kalispell, MT 59901

/s/Gwendolyn A. Vashro Gwendolyn A. Vashro

/s/Gwendolyn A. Gwendolyn A.

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Michael J. Rieley, P.C. Michael J. Rieley, P.C.

Attorney at Law

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Gwendolyn A. Vashro, PP, CLA, PLS Paralegal

November 2, 2012

State Auditor's Office 840 Helena Avenue Helena, MT 59604

Case No. SEC-2011-239 In The Matter of Robert Sherry

STATEMENT

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES RENDERED

July 2012

Receive and review e-mail correspondence between 23 Department and Sherry; .10 hour MJR

September 2012

Receive and review e-mail correspondence between Department and Sherry; .10 hour

October 2012

Review transcript and Department's and Sherry's 12 proposed findings; begin drafting findings and 7.50 hours MJR conclusions;

Continue drafting findings and conclusions; 14 4.40 hours MJR

Exhibit B

Continue drafting findings and conclusions; 15 2.80 hours MJR

State Auditor's Office November 2, 2012 Page 2

17	Continue drafting findings and conclusions; MJR 3.70 hours		
18	Continue drafting findings and conclusions; MJR 5.20 hours		
19	Continue drafting findings and conclusions; MJR 1.70 hours		
22	Continue drafting findings and conclusions; MJR 3.60 hours		
23	Continue drafting findings and conclusions; MJR 1.30 hour		
25	Finalize proposed findings and conclusions; serve same. MJR 1.80 hours		
TOTAL I	PROFESSIONAL SERVICES 32.20 hours	\$2,254.00	
DISBURSEMENTS			
Novembe	er 2012		
2	Paralegal expense (itemization attached) \$17.00		
2	Admin. Costs @ 4% (telephone, photocopies, postage, and fax) \$90.16		
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS		\$ 107.16	
	TOTAL FEES AND DISBURSEMENTS	\$2,361.16 =======	

Thank You

Insurance Commissioner - Robert Sherry

PARALEGAL SERVICES RENDERED

October 2012

19	E-mail to Mike Winsor regarding authority for attorney fees and costs; GV .10 hour	
22	Receive and review e-mail from Winsor. GV	
	.20 hour	\$17.00